

SPC series
Coolant Pump

50HZ/60HZ















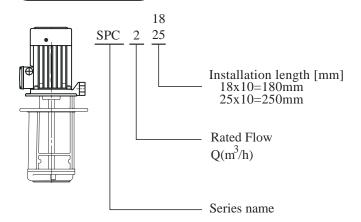
# Applications

The SPC coolant pump is co-axial pump/motor design to processing-material cooling device such as milling, drilling, cutting, grinding these widely machine tools, it is suitable to deliver coolant, light oil and all kind non-aggressive liquids.

## Pump Construction

 $The \ pump \ is \ one-chamber \ vertical \ centrifugal \ pump, \ co-axial \ pump/ \ motor \ design, \ impellers \ mounted \ on \ extended \ motor \ shaft.$ 

### Model code



# Motor

Frequency:50 / 60 Hz

Insulation Class:F class

Enclosure Protection Class: IP 54

Nominal Speed:2900 / 3500 RPM

Standard Voltages:3Ø 50Hz:220-240V / 380-415V 3Ø 60Hz:220-255V / 380-440V

## **Operation Conditions**

Liquid Temperature Range:+0°C ~ +90°C

Ambient Temperature:Max. +40°C

Operating Pressure:Max. 10kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

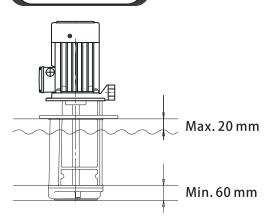
Liquid viscosity:1~32 cSt

### Power: 50Hz:170W~770W 60Hz:305W~1160W

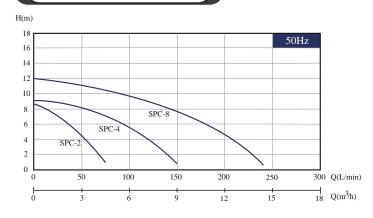
50Hz:Head Up to 12M Flow Up to 245 L/min 60Hz:Head Up to 16.5M Flow Up to 290 L/min

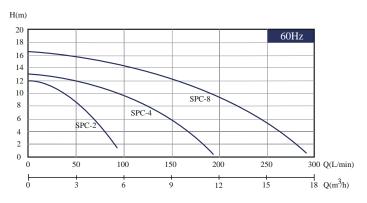
Outlet:1/2"~1"

## Installation



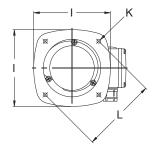
## Performance Curves

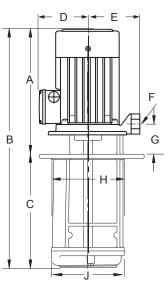


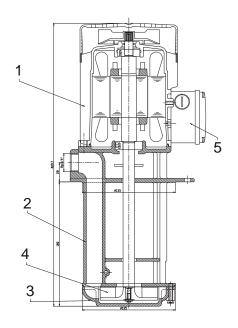




# Dimensions







No.	Component	Material				
1	Motor	ADC12				
2	Pump	FC20				
3	Pump cover	FC20				
4	Impeller	NYLON				
5	Wiring box	ABS				

Model	Dimension (mm)								Units/Pallet Weight		Pallet dimension				
1110001	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	(kg)	#	L x W x H (cm)
SPC 2-18	185	365	180	115	85	RP1/2"	21	110	160	120	4*ø8	PCD 158	9.5		100 x 100 x 167
SPC 2-25	185	435	250	115	85	RP1/2"	21	110	160	120	4*ø8	PCD 158	10.5		100 x 100 x 167
SPC 4-18	225	405	180	115	90	RP3/4"	25	120	170	135	4*ø8	PCD 170	11	50	110 x 110 x 167
SPC 4-25	225	475	250	115	90	RP3/4"	25	120	170	135	4*ø8	PCD 170	12	30	110 x 110 x 167
SPC 8-18	270	450	180	115	95	RP1"	30	130	190	150	4*ø8	PCD 185	14		105 x 110 x 123
SPC 8-25	270	520	250	115	95	RP1"	30	130	190	150	4*ø8	PCD 185	15.2		95 x 110 x 123

# Specifications

Model	Phase	Power	Frequency	Discharge	Head (M)	Flow (L/min)	Voltage		Max.Amp		
		(W)	(HZ)	(inch)	50HZ / 60HZ	50HZ / 60HZ	50HZ	60HZ	50HZ	60HZ	
SPC 2-18		170/305		1/2"	8.5 / 12	75/90	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	0.8-0.9/0.49-0.53	0.9-1.0/0.5-0.55	
SPC 2-25		170/305	50/60	1/2"	8.5 / 12	75/90	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	0.8-0.9/0.49-0.53	0.9-1.0/0.5-0.55	
SPC 4-18	3ø	405/650		3/4"	9 / 13	150/190	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	1.5-1.6/0.8-1.0	1.9-2.1/1.0-1.1	
SPC 4-25	30	405/650		3/4"	9 / 13	150/190	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	1.5-1.6/0.8-1.0	1.9-2.1/1.0-1.1	
SPC 8-18		770/1160		1"	12 / 16.5	240/290	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	2.9-3.0/1.7-1.9	3.4-3.5/1.9-2.1	
SPC 8-25		770/1160		1"	12 / 16.5	240/290	220~240/380~415V	220~255/380~440V	2.9-3.0/1.7-1.9	3.4-3.5/1.9-2.1	





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# SPC series

Operation Manual SPC Coolant Pump





Please read this instruction manual carefully before installing your new system as failures caused by incorrect installation and operation are not cover by the warranty.

### 1. Application

The SPC Series coolant pump is design for the circulation and spraying of cooling lubricants, especially for machine tools.

This series may use on all machine tools performing Turning, Milling, Drilling, Cutting, Slitting, Grinding etc. operation.

It is suitable to carry liquids such as water, coolant, light oil and other clean, non aggressive matters.

### 2. Operating Limits

1. Ambient temperature : Max. +40°C

2. Liquid temperature range :  $0^{\circ}$ C to  $90^{\circ}$ C

3. Operating pressure: Max. 10 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>

4. Head: 50Hz: Up to 12M

60Hz: Up to 16.5M

#### 3. Installation

\*The pump has hot surface on the motor. It must be installed so that persons cannot accidentally come into contact the hot surface.

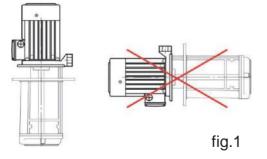
### 3.1. Pump location

Note: The pumps can only be mounted in vertical position, see fig.1.

### 3.2. Submerged depth: L (mm)

To avoid dry running and damage the pump during operation, the minimum pump submerged depth as follows. fig.2.

Model	SPC-	SPC-4	SPC-8
	2		
L (mm)	50	55	60



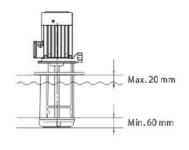


fig.2



### **4.Electrical Connection**

- 4.1 The electrical connection should be carried out in accordance with local regulations. Never make any connections unless the electricity supply has been switched off.
- 4.2. The electrical hazard warning mark is placed outside the connection box. Be careful.
- 4.3. Electrical data (voltage and frequency) are shown on the pump nameplate. Verify if these data match your electricity supply. A Residual current device (RCD, 30mA) should be installed and the grounding be properly connected for your safety.
- 4.4. Motors must be connected to a motor-protective circuit breaker which can be manually reset. Set the motor-protective circuit breaker according to the rated current of the motor. See nameplate. Make electrical connection in accordance with connecting diagram located inside the connection box. The motor current must be within the rated amps range indicated on nameplate. Three phase motor requires a magnetic starter for safety.
- 4.5. For three phase motors, look down from the fan cover the correct direction of rotation is rotate clockwise. If wrong rotation, you can reverse the direction of rotation by interchanging any two of the incoming supply wires. fig.3.
- 4.6. Motors must equipped overload protector and open-phase protector to avoid motor damage.

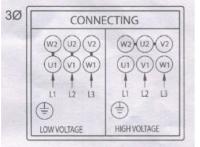
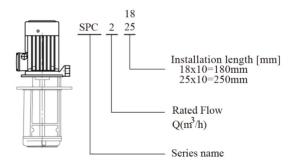


fig.3.



### 5.Start-up

Before starting the pump, make sure the following:

- 5.1. For three phase motors, verify if the rotating direction is correct. It should be clockwise, look down from the motor fan cover.
- 5.2. All piping joints are completely tight. Leakage in piping may cause the pump hydraulic loss.
- 5.3. The pump is filled with liquid.
- 5.4. The suction filter is not blocked by any foreign objects.



### **6.Operation and Maintenance**

It is dangerous to operate the pump against a closed discharge outlet because it will cause extremely high liquid flow temperature and damage the pump in a few minutes.

Periodic checks

The following checks should be carried out periodically to ensure the normal operation.

- 6.1. Check the quantity of liquid and operating pressure.
- 6.2. Check there are no leaks on piping joints.
- 6.3. Check the tripping of the motor starter.
- 6.4. Check that all controls are functioned normally.
- 6.5. The pump must not be used to transfer explosive liquids. In systems with hot liquids (over  $60^{\circ}$ C), extra caution should be exercised to prevent from personal injury.
- 6.6. The pump should not be used to transfer toxic or contaminated liquids. Please carefully follow all instructions in the manual as Walrus may refuse to accept the contaminated pump for servicing.

### 7Fault finding

(Make sure electricity supply has been switched off before attempting to diagnose any fault)

Fault	Cause				
	a. No electricity supply				
	b. Fuses are blown.				
.1. Motor does not start	c. Motor overheating relay tripped.				
	d. Defective magnetic contactors.				
	e. Control circuit malfunction.				
	a. Fuses blown or breakers tripped.				
	b. Overheating relay tripped.				
2. Motor cut out during operation.	c. Control circuit malfunction.				
	d. Pump locked up by foreign objects.				
	a. Pump impeller blocked by				
3. Pumped capacity is not constant.	impurities.				
	b. Insufficient liquid level in the tank.				
	(See Sec. 4.2)				
	a. Impellers damage.				
4. Pump runs but gives no liquid.	b. Liquid level is too low. (See Sec.				
	4.2)				
	c. Incorrect rotating direction.				